Sotos Syndrome
Premature Sexual Maturation
Growth Hormone Deficiency
Hypopituitarism/Multiple Pituitary Hormone Deficiency
Silver Russell Syndrome
Tatton-Brown Rahman Syndrome
Growth Hormone Deficiency in Adults
IUGR/SGA
Sotos Syndrome

Multiple Pituitary Hormone Deficiency

Hypopituitarism/Multiple Pituitary Hormone Deficiency

Registered Charity: 1172807
About Us

The Child Growth Foundation (CGF) is a UK charity dedicated to supporting people living with rare child growth conditions. We provide information and support to those directly affected, their parents and the healthcare professionals who will work with them.

We also raise awareness of growth conditions among the general public and health professionals and we fund research to increase medical understanding of these conditions.

Contents

- What are Hormones? 3
- What is the Pituitary Gland? 3
- Why Do Children Have Hypopituitarism? 3
- How Does it Affect Children? 4
- What Hormones are Produced by the Pituitary Gland? 4
- How Long Will the Treatment be Needed? 6
- Are There Any Long-term Problems? 6
- Acknowledgements 7

Suggested Further Reading:

www.eurospe.org  www.childgrowthfoundation.org
www.yourhormones.info  www.explain.me.uk  www.pituitary.org
https://patient.info/health/the-pituitary-gland
The pituitary gland is a pea-sized gland found in the head just below the front part of the brain. It has two parts, the anterior (front) lobe and posterior (back) lobe.

Both lobes of the pituitary gland make hormones, which are needed for normal growth and development in children. Not having enough of some of these hormones can be life threatening.

What are Hormones?
Hormones are chemical messengers. They are made in glands and travel round the body in the bloodstream. Hormones affect how other organs in the body work.

What is the Pituitary Gland?
The pituitary gland is a pea-sized gland found in the head just below the front part of the brain. It has two parts, the anterior (front) lobe and posterior (back) lobe.

Why Do Children Have Hypopituitarism?
In some children the pituitary gland does not develop properly and so they are born with hypopituitarism. There are many genes that are involved in the normal development of the pituitary gland, and in some children, it may be possible to find a genetic cause for the hypopituitarism.

In some children the hypopituitarism may be associated with other abnormalities in the development of the brain, which may affect their learning, development and sight.
The hormones made by the pituitary gland are needed for good health and normal growth and development.

The doctor will use the results of blood tests and scans to identify which hormones your child is not able to make. They will then prescribe replacement hormones for your child to take.

Your child will need to come to clinic at least 2-3 times a year and have regular blood tests. This is because hypopituitarism can develop slowly as your child grows, so they may need more of the hormones replaced as they get older.

Treatment is with synthetic copies of either the pituitary hormone or the hormone that should be made by the other glands.

Other causes of hypopituitarism include a head injury, tumours in the region of the pituitary gland, or the treatment given for these (surgery and radiotherapy).

**How Does it Affect Children?**

The anterior pituitary gland makes:

**Growth hormone (GH)**

Growth hormone is needed for growth in childhood. It is important in keeping blood sugar at normal levels in infants and small children. Growth hormone also affects body composition; it is needed to increase lean muscle mass and reduce fat mass.

*Replacement treatment for this is by a daily injection of growth hormone.*
Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH)
TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to make thyroxine, which controls the rate of metabolism. A normal level of Thyroxine is needed for normal growth and brain development/learning.

*Replacement treatment for this is a daily tablet of Thyroxine.*

Adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH)
ACTH stimulates the adrenal glands (small glands found on the top of each kidney) to make cortisol.

Cortisol is essential for life – it is needed to maintain normal blood pressure and the salt and sugar balance in the body.

It is also needed for normal immune function and is very important during illness or injury. Lack of cortisol can lead to a life threatening adrenal crisis.

*Replacement treatment for this is with hydrocortisone as tablets or liquid medicine given 3-4 times each day.*

Gonadotrophins (LH & FSH)
These hormones are needed for physical development at puberty. They stimulate the testes in boys to make testosterone, and the ovaries in girls to make oestrogen.

*For boys’, replacement treatment is with testosterone as monthly injections, daily tablets or gel.*

*For girls’, replacement treatment is with oestrogen as daily tablets or patches applied twice a week.*
The posterior pituitary gland makes:

**Antidiuretic hormone (ADH)**

ADH is needed to maintain the body’s water balance. It acts on the kidneys enabling them to retain water. Without ADH the kidneys are not able to retain water and so make lots more urine than usual. This leads to dehydration.

This can be life threatening if the child cannot drink enough fluid to keep up with the amount of urine passed.

This is called Diabetes Insipidus (sometimes referred to as ‘water diabetes’).

*Replacement treatment for this is with DDAVP or Desmopressin as tablets, nasal spray or drops.*

---

**How long will these treatments be needed?**

It is likely that the child will need to take the replacement hormones for the rest of their life. Your child’s doctor or nurse will be able to talk about this in more detail with you.

---

**Are there any long-term problems?**

The aim of treatment is to replace the missing hormones and enable the child to achieve their full potential. Having hypopituitarism may affect your child’s career choices, as there are some occupations such as the armed forces, which they will not be accepted into.

Children who have other medical conditions associated with hypopituitarism may have other disabilities or learning difficulties. Your child’s doctor will be able to give you more information.
Acknowledgements

Many thanks to: PAULINE MUSSON | SALLY TOLLERFIELD | JENNY CHILD

These booklets are supported through an unrestricted educational grant from Merck Serono Limited, Bedfont Cross, Stanwell Road, Feltham, Middlesex TW14 8NX. Telephone: 020 8818 7200 Fax: 020 8818 72

Further Information:
If you have any questions regarding the information contained in this sheet, then please contact:

Tel: 0208 995 0257 | Email: info@childgrowthfoundation.org

REVISION DATE: 04/2019 | Review Date: 04/2021 | Version: 1.0

DISCLAIMER
We have taken every care to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this publication. It is produced independently, is not influenced by sponsors and is free from endorsement. The information should not be used as a substitute for the advice of appropriately qualified professionals, if in any doubt please seek advice from your doctor or legal professional.

FEEDBACK
Your feedback helps us to ensure we are delivering information to the highest standard. If you have any comments or suggestions, please contact us at: info@childgrowthfoundation.org

FUNDING
The Foundation funds research into many aspects of growth conditions such as the causes, effects, treatments and psychological impact. It also offers essential advice and experience to parents of children who have been diagnosed with growth problems. The annual convention provides a great forum for people to get together to discuss problems and solutions with others in a similar position. It also provides a chance to meet and learn from the doctors and professors dealing with child growth in the UK.

The CGF is entirely self-sufficient and is an independent charity. It relies on donations and membership subscriptions to keep going. If you have found this information leaflet helpful, please consider becoming a member and/or making a donation - www.childgrowthfoundation.org.
Child Growth Foundation
childgrowthfoundation.org
info@childgrowthfoundation.org
0208 995 0257

@childgrowthfoundation @CGFCharity

childgrowthfoundation

Registered Charity: 1172807